Unknown: Bluish-gray macules on the hands of a healthy 34 year-old man

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A 34 year-old man presented with asymptomatic bluish-gray macules on his hands that had developed over the previous 2 years. He was otherwise healthy and was on no regular medication. A detailed clinical history and histologic examination allowed the diagnosis. Histopathologic examination showed deposits of aggregated granules of black pigment in the dermis, localized preferentially around the sweat glands. This was consistent with the deposition of silver salts. Given the absence of systemic complaints or other signs and symptoms, a conservative approach was adopted. The lesions remain unchanged after one year of follow up.

The wide range of uses for silver allows exposure to its compounds (metal, soluble and insoluble compounds) through different routes of entry, namely direct contact, ingestion, inhalation, and puncture. [1] This exposure is usually occupational, iatrogenic, or accidental. [1] Argyria is an exceedingly rare disease that became uncommon because medications containing silver are no longer used and occupational protection has evolved significantly. [2] It is caused by the deposition of silver grains in the skin and is further divided into localized and generalized forms, according to the route of entry. [1-4] Localized argyria is caused by direct contact with silver (the tiny particles penetrate...
the skin through the sweat glands) or puncture. [1, 3, 4] These deposits remain indefinitely in the skin and are characterized by a bluish gray color, more prominent in the photo-exposed areas. [3, 4] In the localized forms, patients usually don’t have systemic symptoms and the problem is cosmetic. [1-4] Given the improvement in the safety of working conditions, occupational argyria cases are becoming quite uncommon. [1-4]

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Case synopsis

A 34 year-old man presented with asymptomatic cutaneous lesions on the hands that developed over the previous 2 years. There were no other complaints. He was otherwise healthy and was on no regular medication. He worked in a silver factory for 5 years, handling silver objects on a daily basis. Physical examination revealed multiple bluish-gray macules, 2-10 mm, with no surrounding erythema, localized on the dorsum of the hands and fingers, bilaterally. The remainder of the physical examination was unremarkable.

Figure 1. Clinical features of the cutaneous lesions on the dorsum of the hands and fingers bilaterally.
**Figure 2.** Cutaneous lesions on the right hand.

**Figure 3.** Details of the lesions on the left hand.

A biopsy was performed in one lesion and the histologic pictures are shown in Figures 4 and 5.
What is your diagnosis?

Answer: Occupational argyria

Abstract

A 34 year-old man presented with asymptomatic bluish-gray macules on his hands that had developed over the previous 2 years. He was otherwise healthy and was on no regular medication. A detailed clinical history and histologic examination allowed the diagnosis.

Histopathologic examination showed deposits of aggregated granules of black pigment in the dermis, localized preferentially around the sweat glands. This was consistent with the deposition of silver salts. Given the absence of systemic complaints or other signs and symptoms, a conservative approach was adopted. The lesions remain unchanged after one year of follow up.

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References